**The Antebellum Economy (1800-1840)**

**I. Regional Economies in the South, North, and West**

A. In the early antebellum era (1800-1840), the U.S. economy grew rapidly

B. The South, North, and West each developed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that became connected into a national market economy

1. **The South**

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| What technology changed the South? | What was the focus of the Southern economy? | What was the impact on the South? |
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a. In 1793, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ invented the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ making cotton easy to refine and very profitable

b. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ became the dominant cash crop of the Deep South (known as “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”)

i. The South provided \_\_\_\_\_\_% of world’s cotton and was the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by 1840

ii. Cotton stimulated \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and shipping industries

c. “King Cotton” had important effects on America

i. Cotton led to an increase in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

ii. Cotton led to an increase in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the Deep South

(a) Only \_\_\_\_\_\_% of Southern whites owned any slaves; Those who did own slaves owned \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(b) However, most slaves lived on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. **The North**

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| What technology changed the North? | What was the focus of the Northern economy? | What was the impact on the North? |
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a. Eli Whitney’s development of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and new textile technologies led to an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the North

i. In the 1790s, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ used British industrial designs to build the first American \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

ii. In the early 1800s textile mills spread across \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

iii. The most famous textile mill in America was the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Boston

(a) The Lowell Mill used mechanized machines to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ textiles

(b) Lowell employed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (“Lowell girls”) from the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who lived in boarding houses

b. By 1840, Northern factories \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ textiles, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and other finished goods

c. The growth of factories led to an increase in American \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_)

d. The growth of factories created jobs and led to an increase in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the USA

i. In the 1840s, millions of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ immigrated to America

ii. Immigrants worked in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ New England factories or moved west as farmers

e. Rapid immigration led to hostility and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by native-born Americans called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

i. Nativists were worried that immigrants would \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, would remain \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and become a social burden, and that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ immigrants would remain loyal to the Pope

ii. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ formed in the 1850s to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ immigration and limit immigrant voting rights

3. **The West**

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| What technology changed the West? | What was the focus of the Western economy? | What was the impact on the West? |
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a. Population growth and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ led to rapid growth of the West

b. New technologies made \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ possible

i. Cyrus McCormick’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

ii. John Deere’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

c. The West became “America’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” where commercial farms produced \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, corn, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**I. From 1800 to 1840, these three regional economies became connected into a national market economy**

A. Henry Clay’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ helped connect the South, North, and West

1. American System created a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to promote Northern \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ provided federal money for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and regulation over the U.S. banking system

3. Clay’s American System provided national funding for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B. A transportation revolution created an infrastructure of roads, canals, early railroads

1. Farmers in the South and the West could get their goods to market by using \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and ocean-based shipping…But, no rivers connected \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ factories and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ farmers

2. Private companies, state governments, and the national government invested in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ construction

3. Many states built \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to link the East and West

a. The first major \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between the East and West was the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (finished in 1825)

b. The Erie Canal brought so much trade down the Hudson River, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ became the commercial \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the U.S.

4. Transportation improved when \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ invented the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_… Steamboats allowed for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ travel and reduced shipping time and costs

5. Canals and steamboats allowed Western farmers to buy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ farm equipment, reduce \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by 90%, and increase their profits

6. In the 1830s, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ construction first began

a. The growth of trains was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because they were expensive and competed with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, but… They were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than roads and canals, could travel in any \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and could go in any \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

b. By 1860, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ means of transportation in America